MADRAS COURIER.

VOLUME XI. WEDNESDAY, JULY 22d. 1795. NUMBER 511.

IT has been resolved, that all Advertisements, which appear under the Official Signature of either of the Secretaries of this Government, or of any other Officers of Government, properly authorised to Publish them in the MADRAS COURIER, or MADRAS GAZETTE are meant, and must be deemed, to convey Official and sufficient Notification of the Board Orders and Resolutions, in the same manner, as if they were particularly specified to any Servant of the Company, or others to whom such Orders and Resolutions have a reference.

Civil Department, Fort St. George: 24th December, 1794. ROBERT CLERK, *Secretary.*

Government Advertisements.

Public Department.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, *that the Treasury is open for the Receipt of Money, for which Promissory Notes, of this Government, will be Issued bearing Interest at 6 per Cent. per Annum, not Transferable to Bengal or England, and Payable on Demand.*

Published by Order of the Right Honorable the President in Council.

J. WEBBE, Secretary.

Fort St. George, 21st July 1795.

Public Department.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, *that Sealed Proposals, will be Received until Tuesday, the 28th Instant for the Purchase of the whole or any Part of One hundred and fifty thousand, [illegible] Madras Pagodas.*

Published by Order of the Right Honorable the President in Council.

J. WEBBE, Secretary.

Fort St. George, 21st July 1795.

Board of Revenue.

WHEREAS *it having come to the knowledge of Government by the most unquestionable proof that the* COWLES *for the* HOME FARMS *(comprising Triveture and the Boundary Villages, St. Thomé, with the Paddy fields, and Salt Pans) were clandestinely obtained by the late* NAGAPAH CHITTY, *and as by such irregular and improper proceeding between the said deceased, and* VENCATA NARSIAH, *the* Ostensible Renter, *a gross and unwarrantable deception has been practiced on Government tending to the introduction of collusive and undue influence.*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, *that the Right Hon. the President in Council, has resolved, that* VENCATA NARSIAH *be forthwith dispossessed of the aforesaid* FARMS, *and the* COWLES, *given in his name, are revoked accordingly.*

NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN, *that it is the determination of the Right Hon. the Governor in Council to mark any future attempts of a similar nature with a stronger impression of his displeasure than the simple deprivation of the Farms.*

By Order of the Board of Revenue,
W. BROWN,
Secretary.

Fort St. George,
14th July, 1795.

Tontine for three Years.

THE COMMITTEE have SEVEN THOUSAND STAR PAGODAS to lend on approved Security. The Rate of Interest will be moderate.

Apply to
JOHN HUNTER,
Secretary.

Fort St. George, 21st July, 1795.

Calcutta Free School Lottery,

TICKETS for the above Lottery, to be Sold, at the BRITISH BANK, *Price Sixteen Pagodas each.*

The Drawing will begin on the First Day of August, 1795.

July 17th, 1795.

A Card.

CAPTAIN DE LETANG, has the Honour to inform his Friends and the Public, that his TREATISE on FARRIERY, is now Ready for Delivery, at the Shop of HOPE, CARD, AND Co. *North Street*; whence Copies will be despatched with the least possible Delay to the several Subscribers, who have favoured him with their Names.

July 17th 1795.

Madeira Wine,

A FEW PIPES of excellent LONDON, PARTICULAR MADEIRA WINE, to be had at Messrs. ROEBUCK and ABBOT's, at *Pagodas One Hundred and Fifty per* PIPE.

FOR SALE,

BY

Messrs. Colt, Baker, & Co.

THE Cargo of BATAVIA ARRACK, landing from the Ship Pensylvania, is of a Quality far Superior to that usually exported, and now deliverable at the following Prices.

It lots of 25 Leaguers of 150 Gallons each at 43 Pagodas per Leaguer.
Ditto of 10 ditto, 44 ditto,
Ditto of 1 ditto 45 ditto.

FOR SALE,

BY

Messrs. Colt, Baker, & Co.

THE CARGO of MADEIRA WINE, now landing from the SHIP OSTEGO, *Captain Bright.*

The quality of the best London Market, was Shipped by the House of Blackburne, Ranger and Co. and is now selling, at the undermentioned prices.

In lots of 50 Pipes, at 115 Pagodas each Pipe.
Ditto of 24 Pipes, at 120 ditto ditto,
Ditto of less than 25 Pipes, at 125 Pags. each.

Monro and Co.

Taylors, Habit Makers, &.

CARRY on the above BUSINESS as usual, at their House in the North Street.

THEY HAVE FOR SALE,

French Claret and Brandy, in bottles,
Also fine Ale and Porter, eight Months in bottles, preferable to any now in the Settlement,
A small quantity of very excellent Round Hats,
And a choice assortment of Bengal Neck-Cloths, &c.

AND

Black and Red Hackle Feathers.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
22d July, 1795.

Advertisement.

WRIGHT and HURST respectfully acquaint their Friends and the Public, that in addition to the Articles lately advertised per

THE JOHN PACKET,

THEY ARE NOW RECEIVING,

FROM ON BOARD,

THE MARIA,

FROM EUROPE,

AND

THE ASIA,

FROM BOSTON,

A variety of Articles,

Which will be exposed for Sale,

At their Commission Warehouse,

SOON AS LANDED,

CONSISTING OF

GLASS WARE, a great variety,
QUEEN's WARE, do. do,
PLATED WARE, do, do.
BOAT-CLOAKS and BLANKETS,
MANCHESTER DIMITY,
TELESCOPES and MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS in cases,
STEERING, and POCKET COMPASSES;
SAUCES, a great variety,
CASES of PICKLES,
Kegs of Salted SALMON, in high order,
Do. do. HERRINGS, do. do.
Do. do. TONGUES, do. do.
SPERMACITY CANDLES,
A few casks of very fine FLAVOURED BRANDY,

AND

SUNDRY OTHER ARTICLES,

SALES BY AUCTION.

To be sold by Public Auction,

By Wright and Hurst,

On the Esplanade,

NEAR THE MARINE YARD,

THIS EVENING,

AT 5 O'CLOCK,

And to continue every EVENING, until the Whole is Sold,

A QUANTITY

OF

TIMBER,

CONSISTING OF

DUGGIES, — ARTIES, — SHINBIN PLANKS,

AND

SHEATHING BOARDS.

Madras, July 22d, 1795.

To be sold by Public Auction,

By Wright and Hurst,

At their Auction-Room,

To-morrow, THURSDAY, the 23d Inst.

At 11 o'clock,

A QUANTITY

OF

IRONMONGERY,

CONSISTING OF

COMMON Door Locks,
Hinges, Bolts,
Smoothing Irons,
Wood Screws, of all sizes,
And four large Tool Chests,

ALSO,

A few pair of fashionable plated SHOE and KNEE BUCKLES,

AND,

A great variety of elegant cut GLASS SMELLING BOTTLES.

To be sold by Public Auction,

By Wright and Hurst,

On THURSDAY next, the 23d Instant,

At their Auction-Room,

At 11 o'clock in the Forenoon,

A VARIETY of Articles now landing from on Board the American Ship, lying in the Roads, consisting of
Queen's Ware, of various Patterns in sets;
Dishes, in lots;
Soup and Flat Plates, in ditto; Mugs, Juge, Basons, and Guglets,
Sneakers, Cups and Saucers, Tea-Pots, &c. &c.

GLASS-WARE,

Consisting of Tumblers, Cut and Plain, of various sizes,
Madeira and Claret Glasses,
Wall Shades, of sizes;
Guglets, large and small Rummer Glasses,
Salts, &c. Fifteen dozen of French Claret,

AND

A FEW BOXES OF CITRON.

AND

A VARIETY OF OTHER ARTICLES.

☞ *The Goods will be put up in the most convenient lots, for the Accommodation of Purchasers.*

Administration.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application was this day made before the Kings Ordinary in the Hon. the Mayor's Court at Madraspatnam for Letters of Administration to the Estate and Effects of AGELLY KISTNAMA NAICK, deceased to be granted to RUNGAINAH as Daughteren in Law to the said Deceased.

GEORGE CHALMER,
Proctor.

Fort St. George,
14th July 1795.

SALES BY AUCTION.

To be Sold by Public Auction,

BY

Messrs. Sharp and Heefke,

AT THEIR ROOMS,

On THURSDAY next, the 23d Instant,

At 11 o'clock

TWO Excellent HORSES, one Bay, and the other Gray, will do for either Bandy or Saddle.

At the same Time, will be sold,

About Thirty Chests of fine Hyson and Bohea Tea, a Quantity of Superfine Brown Nankeen, Northern Pallampores, Saddles and Bridles, and Spare Furniture, some Bengal Silk Shawls, a Table Clock, One Bengal Mahana and Two Chair Palanquins, Two Bandies, one with a Hood,

AND

A few Teak-wood Dining Tables.

To be Sold by Public Auction,

BY

Messrs. Sharp and Heefke,

AT THEIR ROOMS,

On MONDAY next, the 26th Instant,

At 11 o'Clock,

THE EFFECTS

OF

An OFFICER, Deceased,

CONSISTING OF

SOME Silver Plate,
Glass and China Ware,
Wearing Apparell,
Six Teak-wood Chairs,
One Couch,

AND

One Camp Cott, &c. &c.

To be Sold by Public Auction,

BY

Messrs. Sharp and Heefke,

AT THEIR ROOMS.

On MONDAY next, the 26th Instant,

At 11 o'Clock,

A NEAT PLEASURE BOAT, eighteen feet Keel, by six feet Beam, with Masts, Sails, almost new. — She is now laying at Chingleput Lake, and can be brought on two Boats,

ALSO,

Will be sold on the same day,

A Horse and Bandy, and Tanjore Harness. The Horse is perfectly quiet and sound, wind and limb, and neither stumbles nor starts.

AND ALSO,

Another Bandy and Horse, with a Travelling Palankeen.

To be Sold by public Auction,

By Order of the Executor, of the late STEPHEN POPHAM, Esq.

BY

Messrs. Sharp and Heefke,

AT THEIR ROOMS,

On SATURDAY, the 1st of August,

At 11 o'Clock,

THAT large and spacious HOUSE and GROUND, with a small GARDEN adjoining to it together with STABLES, COACH HOUSES, OFFICES, and other Buildings, situated in the BLACK TOWN, belonging to the Estate of the said Stephen Popham.

A Person constantly attends to shew the Premises.

FOR PRIVATE SALE,

BY

Messrs. Sharp and Heefke,

	Pags.
SOME fine Old Madeira, at per dozen,	5
Excellent Brandy, at per do.	5
Brandy in Casks, at 40 Fanams per Gallon.	

The Courier

MADRAS—JULY 22d. 1795.

YESTERDAY Morning the Squadron of His Majesty's Ships under the command of COMMODORE RAINIER, proceeded to Sea, accompanied by the Transports, taken up by Government for a particular service.

On the 20th Inst. arrived the ship LAUREL, Captain Fogo, from GRAINE, but last from Bombay; from the Bombay Papers we learn that she had brought European Intelligence to the 24th of March, we do not however, observe, in the extracts copied into those Papers, any additional information to that lately received by the Panther Cruizer.

THE HONOURABLE COMPANY'S Ship the ROYAL ADMIRAL, Captain Bond, arrived on Saturday morning from Bengal, which she left on the 8th of June; but from the bad state of weather which had prevailed, she had been detained in Sagur Roads for a considerable time, and several Sloops laden with Stores and Provisions for her, had been either cast away, or obliged to return with their lading, during the period of her detention.

The HARRIOT, Captain Bagshaw, arrived at her moorings off Calcutta on the 28th Ultimo; the CATHERINE, Capt. Wheadon, had also arrived in Bengal River, from Masulipatam.

The newly completed ROAD from Madras to the Commencement at St. Thomas's Mount, affords one more additional proof of the *unexampled* attention manifested by His LORDSHIP to every circumstance tending to the good of the Public Service, and to the ease and convenience of the Community at large.

Accounts from HYDRABAD, mention the sudden departure of the *Nizam's* ELDEST SON, from that City, on the night of the 27th Ultimo, he was attended by several Officers and Persons of Rank, in the Nizam's Army.

SIDDY REDDY, a Marattah Chief of high rank, had approached the Capital with a large body of Troops, in order, as it was imagined, to facilitate his escape.

The real cause of the PRINCE'S flight we do not pretend to ascertain; reports, however, state it to have been in consequence of a supposed determination of the NIZAM, to place a *Younger Brother* of the Prince's on the Musnud: it is added that *Assad Ally Cawn*, had some time since, also left the Standard of his Sovereign, attended by a large body of Cavalry, and it was supposed would unite his Interests with those of the Prince and his Adherents.

The above circumstances had caused some temporary alarm, at the Court of his Highness the Nizam—The Gates of Hydrabad having been immediately closed, and directions given for the assembling of the Troops.

The Younger Son of His Highness continued at Cudapah, and Mr. Pirron, with nearly 5000 Men, was encamped about twenty Cos to the Northward of that place when the last accounts came away.

The MADRAS EXCHANGE, exhibits in its present appearance, although by no means finished, as beautiful a specimen of Architecture as this country has to boast of—the utility of the building, and the general convenience derived by the Public from Edifices of the like nature, are, we learn, subjects of consideration at Calcutta,—for although the Metropolis of India may boast its numerous Piles, and massive Structures, it does not afford a single roof, dedicated to the purposes of Commerce, or to the Interests and Convenience of the Seaman and the Merchant,

PRINCESS OF WALES.

The betrothed Consort of the Prince of Wales is about the middle stature—in her person she very much resembles the Princess Royal—her complexion is clear, but not quite so fair as our British Princesses—her hair is a very light brown, of which she has an amazing quantity behind, which she wears in a singular but simply elegant Stile—in undress, she generally wears it in a plait, or a plain chignon; but when dressed, she has it rather low on the back, knotted up in links, and spreading a good deal over the shoulders—the upper part of her hind hair is generally plaited into two very broad plaits, brought round the front, and fastened at the crossing, with diamond pins, making a natural bandeau—the points drawn out in curls between the plaits, the ends of which are curled and tied with a ribbon to the points of the hind hair, which is also curled, and disposed so as to form a bow of curls, by tying them across, which, with a plume of feathers, has a very fine effect. Her taste in every other part of dress is equally elegant.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

Fort St. George, 14th July 1795.

G. O. BY GOVERNMENT,

Lieutenant Mackerras to be Brigade Major to the Detachment under the Command of Major Brown.

Lieutenant John Taylor, Junior, to be Quarter Master, and Ensign James Patterson to be Adjutant to the Flank Companies, Commanded by Captain Pare.

Lieutenant William Preston, to act as Adjutant of the Black Town, until further Orders.

Mr. William Norman, Surgeon, to act with the 3d Battalion of European Infantry, during the absence of Mr. Harris.—Mr. Mac Manus, to be Sub-assistant Surgeon under Mr. Harris.

Mr. Maurice Fitzgerald, Surgeon, to the 2d Battalion of Artillery, during the absence of Mr. Boswell.

The Right Hon. the President in Council is pleased to direct that the name of Thomas Patterson, noticed in the G. O. of the 3d Instant, be struck off the list of Ensigns on this Establishment, and that the name of Frederick Pegin Patterson be inserted in its *stead*.

Mr. Paul Scelina appointed an assistant Victualler under the Commissary of Provisions with Colonel Stuart's detachment, and to receive the same allowances as he drew under Mr. Kingscote and Mr. Skardon.

Half-mounting Money due for the present Year to Europeans proceeding on Foreign Service to be drawn for them without delay, on Certificates made out and signed, as directed in the 20th paragraph of the Orders of Government, dated the 5th Instant.

The Quarter Masters of the 1st and 2d, European Battalions are authorised to entertain each an additional Peckaly to be employed with the parties respectively practising the Gun Exercise at the Mount, to be discharged when the Parties return to their Battalions.

Two Sub-Conductors and one Park Serjeant, are attached to the Department of the Commissary of Stores on the Expedition under Colonel Stuart.

Captain Arthur Gibbings appointed to the 14th Battalion of Native Infantry; vice Wahab promoted.

The Native Troops under Order for Foreign Service, are to be acquainted by the Commanding Officers, that Provision (viz. Rice, Dholl, Ghee, Curry Stuff, Salt Fish, Beetle and Tobacco) will be served to them during the Voyage—and continued as long as the Officers Commanding the Expedition may be of opinion the nature of the Service shall require it.

Mr. David Haliburton, Assistant Surgeon at Chicacole, to proceed to Masulipatam immediately, and to do duty with 4th Battalion of European Infantry until further Orders.

Fort St. George, 16th July 1795.

The Honorable Lieut. George Turnour to be Adjutant and Lieutenant Moore, to be Quarter Master to the Flank Companies Commanded by Major Dalrymple.

That part of the G. O. of the 14th Instant which appointed Mr. Charles Orm, to do duty with the Governor's Body Guard is reseinded.

Major Whish, to join his Corps.

Lieutenant George Wahab, to be Adjutant to the 14th Battalion of Native Infantry, vice Dickson permitted to resign.

A Sub-Conductor, and Park Serjeant are allowed to the expedition under the Command of Major Brown.

The Ship *Ramsay*, from Bombay, arrived in Ballafore Roads on the 20th Ultimo, and took a Pilot on board from the *Gillet* Schooner, but was forced almost immediately out to Sea, by the Gale, which was attended with an uncommon Swell, in which the *Gillet* sprung her Bowsprit, and received other damages, which obliged her to be brought up to Town.—The *Ramsay* has since returned to the Roads, *with the loss of her Masts*.

It is an opinion generally received that in lieu of the twelve India men taken up to protect the British Coasts, the East India Company have it in contemplation to direct the chartering an equivalent proportion of tonnage from this Country, a measure so desireable in the present stagnation of Trade in India, that we cannot view it even in its present state of uncertainty, without a considerable degree of satisfaction.

The Company's Sales which commenced in January, opened with no very propitious appearance; until the orders from Switzerland on the French account improved them full ten per cent. The want of every necessary under which the French labour, compels them to send specie to all neutral Ports for their supplies; a circumstance which has raised the prices of all goods, and particularly of Sugar, Coffee, Cotton, and Tobacco,—the Surat Cotton, which sold at 11, subsequently yielded 13, and that of a fine quality 14 pence.

The latest letters from Copenhagen state, that the British Court of Admiralty has granted an indemnification of 300,000l. sterling for 40 of the first captured Danish merchantmen.

An ingenious mechanic, well acquainted with the power of steam, has invented a machine, which not only raises immense quantities of ballast, but with the same facility casts it on shore. Thus, in a few years, all the harbours in Great Britain will be navigable at low water

LAW REPORT.

GUILDHALL, LONDON—DEC. 13.

SITTING BEFORE LORD CHIEF JUSTICE KENYON, AND A SPECIAL JURY.

Lewin and others, vers. East India Company.

Mr. GIBBS opened the pleadings. This was an action on the case, and the declaration stated, that the plaintiffs were owners of a ship called the Vansittart, which was chartered by them to the East India Company, to be used in trade, or in warfare. The declaration also stated, that the Company had a power to displace the master and other officers, if it should be necessary. By the terms of the charter party, the Company were also at liberty to receive or deliver out any goods, at any port or place in Europe or in Africa, on this side of her configned coarse. It was then alledged, that the company wrongfully and unjustly, and without the consent of the owners, employed this ship on a voyage and service, not such as was contained in the Charter Party, but on a voyage of observations and discovery, for the purpose of exploring the heights on the east of the Island of Banca, whereby the ship was lost, and for the recovery of the value of which, this action was brought.

On the other side, he understood it was to be contended, that this was an act done with the consent of the owners who brought this action, and that, therefore, the defendants were not bound to pay.

It was for them to shew, that which he apprehended they could not, because he fancied it did not exist, as the owners were strangers to the transaction.

Captain Wilson, who commanded the Vansittart East Indiamen, was here examined. He said, he was ordered by the Company, to make a voyage of discovery and observations, on the East of the Island of Banca.—He made a number of traverses, and when he was making the last that he intended to make, the ship struck on a Rock, and was totally lost.—He was employed on this business about eight or ten days. He was at the same time on a voyage from Madras to Canton in China, and the voyage was rendered more dangerous by this course. He was to be careful not to risk his voyage to China. One of the reasons, why he was fixed upon for making these discoveries was, because the Vansittart, was the earliest ship that sailed on that Voyage.

Mr. Lewin, senior, was the husband of the Vansittart. He saw the old gentleman very seldom; he transacted the business of the ship with Mr. Lewin, junior, and considered him as the agent of his father. He shewed to Mr. Lewin, junior, the Resolutions of the Court of Directors relative to this voyage of Discovery, on the 26th of November; but he did not know that these Resolutions were made known to Mr. Lewin, senior.

Lord Chief Justice Kenyon thought, that he must consider Mr. Lewin, junior, as the person who had in fact, the care and superintendence of the business of that Ship, and he did not know how to sever his case from that of the other persons interested. If he did, he was afraid he should break down some of the very best rules of law. If he were to hold that the acts of an active owner were not to bind the rest, he did not know to what consequences it might lead; he did not know how far it might carry him; he was sure he would be out of all soundings. He must consider Mr. Lewin the younger, as the person adopted by the other part owners, to manage their concerns in that ship as well as his own: and of course they must adopt his act as their own. The Captain had stated, that he communicated the Resolutions of the Company, relative to that dangerous voyage of discovery to Mr. Lewin the younger, and that no objections were made to them, though he had from November to March, to confider of them.—*Plaintiffs* NON-SUITED.

SHIP WRECK.

OF THE PYLADES FRIGATE,
December 16.

Captain Twysden, of the Pylades, sailed from Leith Roads on the 9th ult. in company with La Prompte frigate, Captain Taylor, to watch the motions of the French squadron at Bergen. They were separated two days after, in a violent storm from the north west. The Prompte returned to Leith Roads, having been so fortunate as to fall in with two different vessels, who gave Capt. Taylor information of the destination of the French; but great fears were entertained by the Captain and Officers of La Prompte, for the safety of the Pylades, as she was seen to lose her main yard in the gale, and was apparently in much distress.

Capt. Twysden, it would appear, after the storm subsided a little, not having obtained any information of the French squadron, proceeded to execute his orders alone, and cruized for some days off Bergen. On his return from thence, being again overtaken by a tremendous gale of wind from the southward, he was obliged to bear away for Shetland; but, not being able to gain the harbour of Lerwick, he could only make into Harolds wick Bay, in the Island of Unist, one of the most northerly islands, where, having failed in getting into any harbour, from the dreadful sea that was running, and the little day-light there at this season, after having parted both his bower cables, and thrown the guns overboard, he was so fortunate as to be able to ride by a small anchor, until a pilot came off from the shore, by whose directions the ship was swung round upon a sand bank, which was the only means left of saving the lives of all on board, who otherwise must inevitably have perished, as there was a sunk rock immediately under her stern, which the ship was then drifting upon. We are happy to add, that on the 6th the Capt. Officers, and all the crew got safe on shore, without any material hurt; but the ship is a total wreck.

ANNUAL ELECTION.

OF COMMON COUNCILMEN,
Held on Monday, December 22.

Aldersgate— There was an opposition against Mr. Smith, for having supported the Militia Bill, Mr. Cox, the Refiner, was elected in his room, having previously declared that he was altogether against the Bill, and a continuance of the war.—The other Members were re-elected.

Bishopsgate—In this Ward a very violent contest. After many speeches against the war, Messrs. Appleton, Smith, and Cawthorne being new candidates, had a very large shew of hands. Deputy Merry had all hands in the Hall held up for him, with a loud acclamation of *No Militia! No War! Peace! Peace!* A Poll was demanded.

Cripplegate Without—In the room of Mr. Knight and Mr. Thomas Simmons, both of whom were for the Militia Bill, and a continuance of the war, Mr. Banner and Mr. Dalby were elected.

Farringdon Within—With the exception of Mr. Godfrey, (who was a strong Militia Bill man) the old Members were re-elected. Mr. Sewell was elected in his room.

Farringdon Without—St. Bride's Church was crowded by twelve, and in about half an hour Alderman Wilkes appeared. After the Wardmote was opened, there was a loud call that certain Resolutions should be made, in order to restore *Peace* to the *Country*. The general cry was, No MILITIA—PEACE—PEACE.

The following Resolutions were then entered into:

Resolved, I.—That it is the opinion of this Meeting, that the present Militia Bill is a violent infringement of the Chartered Rights and Privileges of the Citizens of London, and besides being partial and oppressive in the mode of raising the men, deprives them of the greatest Privilege they possessed—the right of defending themselves.

Resolved, II.—That it is opinion of this Meeting, that a Representative in Common Council, is an honourable and important situation, and for the proper discharge of the duties annexed to it requires a person of undoubted integrity and a competent knowledge of the Charters, Customs, Privileges, and Commercial Concerns, of the City of London.

Resolved, III.—That it is the opinion of this Meeting, that our Representatives in Common Council who supported the present Militia Bill, have betrayed the trust reposed in them by their fellow-citizens, and have discovered a shameful negligence of the Charters and Privileges of the City.

Resolved, IV.—That all such persons who are Tavern keepers, or who are in any manner interested, or who do not reside in the Ward, are not proper persons to represent the said Ward in Common Council.

Resolved, V.—That we will support such Candidates only, who from their knowledge, experience, and integrity, appear to us to be properly qualified to discharge so important a duty, and who will endeavour to obtain a Repeal, or such an Amendment of the Militia Bill, as will fully restore to the City of London its antient Rights and Privileges.

MARINES.

It is in contemplation to augment the Marines, by the reduction of the sinecure which have been enjoyed by Naval Officer for many years, which will fully pay the expences of raising and maintaining another division, which are to be stationed at, and stiled the Woolwich Division, which is to consist of a Colonel, two Lieutenant Colonels, two Majors, fifteen Captains, five Captain Lieutenants, forty First Lieutenants, and twenty Second Lieutenants—and Colonel Bowater is reported to have the command.

By this adoption, a grievance which the Marine Officers have long laboured under, will be done away, and the most useful corps his Majesty has, will reap many advantages, as there are several old and very deserving Officers in that corps, who have been many years waiting for preferment, and which could only be had either by augmentation or deaths.

The Empress of Russia, to testify to General Suwarrow her satisfaction on the victory at Brzesc, has appointed him her aide-de-camp and sent him a crown of laurels set in brilliants, value 60,000 roubles. She has also permitted him to choose a regiment in the army, which shall bear his name for ever.

Mr. Baddeley, the comedian, died very lately: he came to the Theatre the preceding evening in apparent good health, and was nearly dressed for the part of Moses, in the School for Scandal, when taken ill. Mr. Brand and Mr. Wroughton, are Mr. Baddeley's executors to his property, which is considerable.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE COURIER,

SIR.

Your indulgence to the VELLORIANS *induces me to hope you will not think the following* Expostulation *and* Request *unworthy a corner in your Paper—By inserting them you will oblige,*

A SUBSCRIBER.

Vellore, 22d June 1795.

THE EXPOSTULATION.

FOR ever, O Mercileſs fair,
Will thy cruel indifference endure?
Can thoſe eyes look one into deſpair,
And that Heart be unwilling to cure?
If I love, will you doom me to die;
Or if I adore you, u bajd?
Can that breaſt the leaſt pity deny,
To the wretch, which your beauty has made?
How oft what I felt, to diſguiſe
Has my reaſon imperiouſly ſtrove
Till my Soul almoſt fell from my eyes,
In tears of the tendereſt love!
Till rendered unable to flow
By the torrent's exceſs which I bore
That Nature ſunk under the woe
Or only recover'd to more.
Then——determine my fate
Nor let me to madneſs be drove
But, O do not tell me *you hate*
If you even reſolve not *to love.*

THE REQUEST

Indulgent powers if ever
You mark a tender vow,
Oh, bend in kind compaſſion
And hear a lover now;
For titles, wealth and honor,
While others crowd your ſhrine,
I aſk this only Bleſſing,
Let her I love be mine.

MODESTUS.

A CONSULTATION.

The long and very dangerous malady of the *Lady Holandia* having called together the ableſt Men in Europe; the following opinions are ſaid to have been given upon this critical caſe:

Dr. Patriot, who had convened the meeting, roſe, and after thanking the gentlemen for their attendance, acquainted them, that the patient *Lady Holandia* had been, for ſome time, under the care of *Dr. Orange* and himſelf; that her caſe becoming ſo critical, he thought it his duty to call in further advice, in the hope that his plan of treatment might meet with their approbation. The Doctor ſaid he ſhould confine himſelf to the exiſting ſtate of the caſe; and he truſted there would be but one opinion—that in all warlike caſes, the *negotiatus pacificus* was the ſovereign remedy; and, in his opinion, it was the only one left for them to purſue.

Dr. Orange was aſtoniſhed to hear the *negotiatus pacificus* recommended. How was it to be taken? Under any preparation, it muſt be dangerous to the Conſtitution, and muſt infallibly produce a total alteration in the ſyſtem.

Dr. York obſerved, that there was a great deal of the *Spiritus Jacobinicus* in the caſe, with ſome *inflammation*, and that the utmoſt ſkill was neceſſary to keep it under

Dr. Orange wiſhed to try the *inundatus*.

Dr. Patriot ſaid, it would throw the patient into a dropſy.

Dr. Orange replied, that he could always drain out the water without any injury to the conſtitution.

Dr. Brandenburgh aſked what they thought to the *ſubſidari dismembermenti?*

D—n the *ſubſidari*, exclaimed *Dr. Bull*—Aud ſo ſay I, of the *dismemberment*, added *Dr. Warſaw*—Suppoſe them, replied *D. Brandenburgh*, we call in *Dr. Pickegru*. He attended in the caſe of the *Lady Belgium*.

Dr. York and *Dr. Orange* both declared they ſhould oppoſe *Dr. Pickegru's* being called in, with all their power. They conſidered him as a mere quack, and contended, that the Lady Belgium was ſtill in a very exhauſted ſtate; her conſtitution broken, the juices entirely dried up, and her caſe paſt recovery.

By Joſus, ſaid *Dr. Hibernia*, this *Dr. Pickegru* is a dangerous kind of perſon to be near; my faith, he'll be after bombarding the conſtitution, terrifying our ſenſes, and ſtunning our opinions. Storming the preſcription in ſuch a way, that in truth he'll only leave us the choice of marching away with the honours of diſagreeing.

Dr. Patriot could not bear to hear the caſe ſo trifled with; either adopt the *negotiatus pacificus*, or prepare for the *dismembermenti*. It was abſurd, he ſaid, to propoſe the *ſubſidari*; it never yet had agreed with a *Dutch ſtomach*.

Unfortunately nothing was decided upon. *Dr. Orange* was for trying the *martiæ ſalt*; *Dr. Peterſburgh* talked a great deal, but afforded no aſſiſtance: *Dr. Stockholm* and *Copenhagen*, would take no part in the diſpute; they choſe to remand *neuter*—for *Bull*, in his blunt way, very imprudently ſaid to *Dr. Brandenburgh*, that if ever he propoſed the *ſubſidari* again, he would praſtiſe the *dismemberments* upon *his Body*.—*Dr. Vienna* could not attend.

*** The Lady ſoon after expired in the arms of *Dr. Pickegru*.

DUTCH REVOLUTION.

BELIEFELD, FEBRUARY 6th, 1795.

Chance has directed to our hands, the Firſt Dutch Revolutionary Gazette of Amſterdam, *of Thurſday the 20th of January: It contains the publications that have been made ſince the entry of the French into Holland, as well by the Republican Commiſſaries and Generals as thoſe by the Dutch themſelves, who for a long time have prepared the Revolution that has now taken place in their country. This Gazette gives the following account of the Revolution.*

"On the 13th it was obſerved that a fermentation prevailed among the people, and that it was the approach of the French that made it gradually encreaſe, ſeveral Citizens who for ſome time paſt, had inceſſantly laboured to prepare the happy Revolution that this city has experienced, thought that it was abſolutely neceſſary to arm the Citizens. For this purpoſe, they went to the ci-devant Burgomaſter Straalman, to whom they made the propoſal as the only thing that could be done in ſuch critical circumſtances. They engaged to maintain order in the city, if they ſhould have the authority of eſtabliſhing guards and poſts where they might judge proper, and of iſſuing an order that no armed force ſhould have the right of reſtraining the will of the Citizens. The Burgomaſter Straalman ſaid that he would give an anſwer to this by half an hour after 8 in the evening. In the mean time the Citizen Kragenhoff arrived accompanied by another French officer. He announced that the French came to deliver the Dutch people if they were inclined to be free. This propoſal changed immediately the face of things. Golofkin, the Commandant of the City, entered into a negociation with the Bourgeoiſe, and he gave orders that the garriſon ſhould not in any way oppoſe their enterprifes nor their operations. They publiſhed immediately a proclamation by which they announced that General Golofkin the Commandant of the City of Amſterdam was diſmiſſed from his employment, and that they had proviſionally named to that duty the Citizen Kragenhoff. They recommended to reſpect perſons and property, and in general to preſerve as far as poſſible the public order and peace, as the only means of fulfilling the wiſh of the French people and of the brave Kragenhoff our common friend. This publication was dated the 18th of January *of the firſt year of our Liberty*, and ſigned by the Secretary Vander Aa, in the name of the Revolutionary Committee. The reſt of this memorable day paſſed without the leaſt diſorder, in ſpite of the concourſe of people who filled all the public places and the ſtreets. The Revolutionary Committee remained aſſembled for the whole night to guard the public repoſe; and the next day (the 14th) it went to the Town-houſe, where it took poſſeſſion in the firſt place of the Hall of Conference of the ci-devant Burgomaſters. Some time afterwards it went to the Council Chamber, where it told the Council that their functions were at an end, and that they muſt retire: This took place immediately without the ſmalleſt oppoſition. After this buſineſs they communicated to the Bourgeoiſe who were aſſembled before the Town houſe the names of the members who proviſionally compoſed the Revolutionary Committee, and they addreſſed them as follows.

"*Brave Citizens!*

"*Your fellow Citizens compoſing the Revolutionary Committee, felicitate you on the happy Revolution that has taken place; they wiſh you proſperity and fraternity. The magnanimity of the French nation has enabled you to recover your Liberty. You have regained your Rights hitherto uſurped by force —All of you have equal pretentions. You have become freemen, you are all equal! Thoſe who oppreſſed you are diſmiſſed from their places and dignities; they have either concealed themſelves, or have fled. The public ſafety requires, and it is the wiſh of all the Citizens, that Order and Tranquillity ſhould reign for ever among us. To attain this end we adviſe you to conſtitute proviſionally in their functions till the people ſhall have choſen a form of Regency, the repreſentatives whom we have thought worthy of your choice. Do you think that theſe Citizens are worthy of receiving full powers from you, and of acting as Repreſentatives of the people in reforming or annulling in the city of Amſterdam whatever circumſtances may render neceſſary? We reckon on your love for your country, and we expect that you will cooperate in every thing for the maintenance of unity, order and peace. Our friends the French Freemen diſapprove of all diſorder and of all oppreſſion—May Virtue and Loyalty be always with us as the order of the day.*

"After this diſcourſe the Members abovementioned entered into the Town Houſe, where in the name of the Bourgeoiſe they were inſtalled. From that moment the Revolutionary Committee left off its functions, and renounced them to the Repreſentatives of the people. The following night General Dandils entered the City, and this afternoon General Moreau and the Brigadier Salm. This morning the Tree of Liberty was planted before the Town Houſe, amidſt the acclamations of an immenſe crond of Citizens. The Bourgeoiſe of this city have acquired immottal glory, Courage, Compoſure, Joy, and Fraternity, were the order of the day. The annals of Hiſtory offer not a Revolution like this." [*Bombay Courier.*

HIGH COURT OF ADMIRALTY.

The following public ſpirited deciſion, is of great importance to the public, and to the intereſts of the Commanders, Officers, Seamen, and Soldiers, in the ſervice of His Majeſty's Navy.

The Caſtor was a Britiſh frigate, taken by a diviſion of the French fleet, May 10, 1794 Upon May 19th laſt, ſhe was re-taken from the French by another Britiſh frigate of war, the Carysfort, Francis Laforey commander, after an engagement of nearly an hour and a half, and brought into Portſmouth.

A claim was given by Major Woodland of the navy office, for the ſhip, &c. on behalf of the principal officers, and commiſſioners of the navy, the ſame of right belonging to them for the uſe of his Majeſty.

Sir James Marriott delivered his opinion at great length. He ſaid, the circumſtances of the preſent war ought particularly to be conſidered. It is a war not of a predatory nature on our part, but a war of blood: how few prizes are made of French merchant ſhips, the liſt of this Court can tell: how many of ours taken by that furious government of France, which has converted all its merchant ſhips into ſhips of war, public or private other liſts make known.

In this unpappy ſtate of exiſting circumſtances, which it is not in the power of the preſent Miniſter, nor any Britiſh government to prevent, becauſe we have many trading ſhips to be taken by the enemy, and they have many ſmall ſhips of war and privateers to take us by turning all their own ſhips and men to the warlike ſervice of the ſtate, altho' ruining their commere—the only policy and remedy ſeems to be, to encourage re-captures as much as poſſible.

Under the preſent circumſtances of the war therefore, his opinion was, that no reward can be too great to encourage the commanders, officers, ſeamen, ſoldiers, fighting now almoſt only for the glory and preſervation of their King and country, to re-take his Majeſty's own ſhips in battle: that his Majeſty had, by his concurrence in a ſolemn act of the legiſlature, given up all his own intereſt to the captors, diſtributable in ſuch proportions as his Majeſty, by his Royal proclamation, ſhould from time to time direct.

Sir James Marriott therefore pronounced, that the whole value of his Majeſty's ſhip the Caſtor, recaptured under the circumſtances in queſtion, ſhould be adjuged to be a lawful prize for the ſole benefit of the captors.

MARRIAGES.

On Thurſday laſt, the 16th Inſtant, ALEXANDER CUNINGHAME Eſquire, of the Hon. Company's Civil Service, to MISS STEWART.

On Wedneſday the 8th of October laſt, THOMAS KINGSCOTE, Eſq. of Gatton Park in Surry, to Miſs HARRIET PEYTON, youngeſt Daughter of the late Sir HENRY PEYTON, Bart. of Hagbert Hall in Norfolk.

BIRTH.

The Lady of Captain WILLIAM MOLESWORTH MADDEN, of His Majeſty 52d Regiment of a SON.

DEATH.

On Friday night laſt, died at Pulicat, Mrs. ANDREWS, youngeſt Daughter to Mr. ETTBRACHT, Governor of that place; a young Lady in whom art had improved to an uncommon degree the happieſt Endowments of Nature. This is not the place for an Enumeration of her many excellent qualities—The proof that ſhe poſſeſſed theſe qualities lives, and ever will live, in the breaſt of all who knew her, and the proof that they combined moſt powerfully with the ties of nature in creating the livelieſt affection, is the ſevere and penetrating Grief which continues to afflict the amiable Family from which ſhe has been torn.

ARRIVALS.

July 14th, Ship Penſylvania, Mackie, Batavia.
15th, Ship Ottigo, Bright, Madeira.
16th, Snow Diana Mac Kenzie, Maſuli.
18th, H. C. Ship Royal Admiral, Bond, Calcutta.
20th, Ship Glouceſter, Clarkſon, Bombay
Ship Laurel, Foggo, Ditto.

DEPARTURES.

July 16th, Brig Guilford, Green, Cuddaloure.
21ſt, H. M. Ship Suffolk, South.
H. M. Ship Suffolks Tender, Eaſt.
H. M. Ship Reſiſtance, Eaſt.
H. M. Ship Centurion, South.
Ship Maria, Horſbrough, Manila.
Ship Ewer, Laughton, Eaſt.
Ship Anna, Haigs, South.
Ship Vigilant, Lennon, South.
Snow Jackall, M'Donald, South.
Ship Mary Turnbull, South.
Ship Catherine, Read, South.

Probate to Will.

PROBATE of the LAST WILL and TESTAMENT of the late STEPHEN POPHAM, Eſq. having been granted to Mr. JOHN D'MONTE one of the Executors named in the ſaid Will—All Perſons who have Claims on the Eſtate of the ſaid Deceaſed, are requeſted to ſend in an Account thereof to the ſaid Executor as ſoon as poſſible; and thoſe indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to pay the ſame.

Lottery.

TO BE DISPOSED of by LOTTERY, the Elegant ENGRANINGS of the MYSORE COUNTRY, the views taken by MR. HOME, and the Plans by MR. ARMSTRONG. The undermentioned, is a Liſt of the Work, with the names of the Engravers, in Number 33 the Hiſtoric part under the direction of MR. R. BOWYER, Pall Mall Loudon. The whole conſiſting of 150 Copies to be divided into 900 Shares, or Tickets at FIVE ST. PAGODAS each, making 150 Prizes—The Lottery to be Drawn, as ſoon as the Subſcription is full and the Tickets Paid for, which will be delivered to the Subſcribers before the drawing by Meſſrs. Sharp and Heefke, where a Book with the Subſcribres Names is now open, alſo at Mr. Hope and Cards's Trichenoply, and at W. J. Miller's, Eſq. Calcutta. The Names of the Engravers to the Work,

MESSRS. LAEVRY,
MORIS,
FITTLER,
HAWKSWORTH,
READING,
SKILTON,
BYRNE.

The Liſt of the Views, and Plans.

No. 1 Eaſt View of Bangalore, with the Cypreſs Garden.
2 North View of ditto, from the Pettah; ſhewing the Curtain and Baſtion that were breached before the ſtorm on the 22d of March, 1791.
3 View of the Delhi Gateway after repaired.
4 View of the inſide Gate, with the Guard Room.
5 View of the Pettah Gateway, where Colonel Moorhouſe fell.
6 An inſide View of the Place at Bangalore, which exhibits a moſt beautiful ſpecimen of Oriental Architecture.
7 View of the Burial Ground at Bangalore, with an exact repreſentation of the Monuments erected to the memory of thoſe brave Officers who fell at the taking, and in the vicinity, of that fortreſs.
8 South View of Bangalore, one mile and a half diſtant, on the road to Seringapatam
9 Diſtant View of Severndroog, from the ſame ſpot.
10 View of Maugree Pagodas.
11 North View of Severndroog, from Maugree
12 South-weſt View of Outradroog.
13 South View of the Works and Pettah of Outradroog.
14 South-eaſt View of Oliadroog.
15 North-eaſt View of ditto.
16 North View of Ramgaree.
17 View of Shevagurry, from the top of Ramgaree.
18 Diſtant View of Seringapatam, from Medows' Redoubt
19 Eaſt View of Seringapatam.
20 N. North-eaſt View of ditto, from Capt. Sibbald's Redoubt.
21 Weſt View of ditto, from the middle of the river Cauvery.
22 North View of ditto.
23 View of the North-eaſt Angle of Seringapatam.
24 South View of that magnificent and ſuperb ſtructure the Tomb of Hyder, in the Loll Baug Garden.
25 Weſt View of Peddi Naig Droogum.
26 North View of ditto.
27 Diſtant View of Saverndroog a two days march from Bangalore.
28 View of Sivegunga, from the road to Seringapatam.
29 Eaſt View of Cheuepatam.

PLANS.

30 Bangalore Fort and Pettah.
31 Ootradroog ditto ditto.
32 Seringagapatam, with the operations of the Siege from the 5th to the 24th Feb. 1792.
33 General Plan of the Myſore and Carnatic, with the occurrences of the War.

Louis Henriet,

MASTER OF MUSIC,

BEGS leave to inform the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of the Settlement, that he continues to Teach on the following Instruments. Viz, the—

GERMAN FLUTE, VIOLIN,
BASS VIOL, SPANISH GUITAR,

On the moderate terms of *Six Pagodas per Month*, and for which he will give three Lessons a Week, of one hour each day. For Lessons every day, *Eight Pagodas per Month.*

AND

The PIANO FORTE, and HARPSICORD,

At *Eight Pagodas per Month*, Lessons as abovementioned. For Lessons every day, *Ten Pagodas per Month.*

He also takes upon himself the *Tuning* of those Instruments, and also *Slight Repairs*, without any additional charge being made.

N. B. The TUNING of the PIANO FORTE, without Lessons, will be two Pagodas, each time, and the HARPSICORD and GRAND PIANO FORTE three Pagodas.

Mr. HENRIET also teaches the FRENCH and LATIN Languages,—Lessons every day, at *Eight Pagodas per Month.* For Lessons every other day, *Six Pagodas.*

*** Please to direct to Mr. HENRIET, Academician, and Professor of Music, in Mr. Popham's Broad-way, Black Town.

Peter Lamoury,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENT MAKER.

BEGS leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of the Settlement, that he continues to Repair the following Musical Instruments, on the *most moderate terms*,—Viz.

ORGANS, of all kinds,
PIANO FORTES,
VIOLINS,
BASS VIOLS, &c. &c. &c.

Please to address to Mr. LAMOURY, in Mr. Popham's Broad-way, Black Town.

Thomas Smart,

BEGS leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Madras and its environs, that he repairs the following kinds of Musical Instruments on the most reasonable terms, viz.

ORGANS, of all kinds,
HARPSICHORDS,
PIANO FORTES,
BASS-VIOLS,
VIOLINS, &c.

N.B. Slight repairs which can be done at their Houses, will be attended to on the shortest notice, by directing a line to him at his House at Vipery.

Advertisement.

Madras Charitable Lottery.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Prizes of the First Class, will be paid on Monday the 6th of July, at the Carnatic Bank, and every day (Sundays excepted,) from 10 o'clock in the forenoon till 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

N. B. Prizes taken in payment for Tickets, deducting 10 per cent for the purposes of the Lottery.

Advertisement.

Madras Charitable Lottery.

THE holders of Tickets not drawn in the First Class, are hereby informed that the additional Sums of 5 Pagodas accompanied with the Tickets will be received at the Office of Messrs. Sharp and Heefke, at the Carnatic Bank, and at all the different Houses in Madras, where the respective Tickets were first purchased—and be delivered in lieu thereof every day (Sundays excepted) between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and 2 o'clock in the afternoon until the 11th day of August, being one day before the Drawing of the Second Class.

The Public are requested to take notice that no payment can be received without the original Tickets, nor after the abovementioned day, and all the holders who may omit to make payment on or before that day, will lose the benefit of their Tickets.

The Second Class commences Drawing on Wednesday the 12th of August, and continues Friday 14th, Monday 17th, Wednesday 19th, Friday 21st, Monday 24th, Wednesday 26th, and Friday 28th.

MADRAS LOTTERY,

FOR

ONE HUNDRED AND FITTY THOUSAND STAR PAGODAS.

Under the Management and Direction of

Messrs. PORCHER, REDHEAD, and Co.
COLT, BAKER, and Co.
CRAIG, SEWELL, and CRAIG,
TULLOH, JERVIS, and BRODIE,
DRING, GORDON, and LUSHINGTON,
STEPHENS and COCKELL,
MCDOWALL, FRASER, and HAY,
D. CHRISTIANI,
THOMAS FRASER,
JOHN SMART,
SAVAR and DE MONTE,
AVIET SETH.

For the Benefit of the *Military Male Asylum*, and for erecting a *Bridge*, for the Accommodation of the Public, over the River, between the House belonging to His Highness the Nabob Umduts Ul Omrah, Behader, &c. and the House lately occupied by Major Hart.

Ten Thousand Tickets to be divided in Three Classes, according to the following

SCHEME.

THE FIRST CLASS,

CONSISTING OF THE FOLLOWING PRIZES, AND NO BLANKS:

1 Prize of	Star Pagodas	2,000
1 Ditto	Ditto	1,000
2 Prizes of	500 each is	1,000
25 Ditto	150	2,850
60 Ditto	50	3,000
100 Ditto	20	2,000
821 Ditto	10	8,210
Also allotted to the Last Drawn Ticket,		540
1,000 Prizes in the First Class, amounting to Star Pagodas		20,000

THE SECOND CLASS,

CONSISTING OF THE FOLLOWING PRIZES, AND NO BLANKS:

1 Prize of	Star Pagodas	5,000
1 Ditto	Ditto	2,000
1 Ditto	Ditto	1,000
5 Prizes of	500 each is	2,500
10 Ditto	200	2,000
20 Ditto	100	2,000
50 Ditto	50	2,500
255 Ditto	30	7,650
1687 Ditto	15	25,305
Also allotted to the Last Drawn Ticket,		945
2,000 Prizes in the Second Class, amounting to Star Pags.		48,000

THE THIRD CLASS,

CONSISTING OF 5,632 BLANKS, AND THE FOLLOWING PRIZES:

1 Prize of	Star Pagodas	15,000
1 Ditto	Ditto	10,000
1 Ditto	Ditto	5,000
5 Prizes of	1,000 each is	5,000
10 Ditto	500	5,000
30 Ditto	200	6,000
70 Ditto	80	5,600
100 Ditto	40	4,000
1150 Ditto	20	23,000
Also allotted to the Last Drawn Ticket,		3,400
1,368 Prizes in the Third Class, amounting to Star Pags.		82,000
4,368 Prizes amounting to Star Pags.		150,000
5,632 Blanks in the Third Class,		
10,000 Tickets, being nearly at the Rate of 1 PRIZE to 1¼ BLANK.		

THE PRICE OF THE TICKETS.

FIRST CLASS,	7 PAGODAS.
SECOND CLASS,	12 PAGODAS.
THIRD CLASS,	17 PAGODAS.

COMPUTATION OF THE TICKETS.

10,000 Tickets at 7 Pags. each, amount to Star Pags. 70,000
Deduct 1,000 Prizes from the First Class.
Remains 9,000 Tickets which are to be paid for at 5 Pags. each, 45,000
Deduct 2,000 Prizes from Second Class,
Remains 7,000 Tickets which are to be paid for at 5 Pags. each, 35,000
Star Pagodas 150,000

Explanation of the foregoing Scheme.

THE PROPRIETOR of a Ticket, suppose No. 10, purchased originally for Seven Pagodas, will, if his Ticket is drawn in the First Class, be entitled to one of the Prizes, peculiar to that Class; for there are NO BLANKS: But should his Ticket remain in the Wheel, he will have to pay Five Pagodas in Addition to the original Price; and he will then be entitled to a Chance of any of the Prizes appropriated to the Second Class: But if No. 10, should not be drawn in the Second Class, and, here also, as in the First, there are NO BLANKS, the Proprietor of No. 10, will have to add Five Pagodas more, to the former Sums paid by him; which will entitle him to all the advantages peculiar to the Third Class. So that for the Sum of Seventeen Pagodas, which the Proprietor of No. 10, will pay for his Ticket, he will have a Chance in the three Classes; and the advantages of the latter Class, by a reference to the Scheme, are extremely manifest and plain: and in proportion of the additional Sums, at the different Periods particularised, paid by the Holder of the Ticket No. 10, the intrinsic Value of the Ticket will be increased in the same Ratio; and in the Event of its being drawn in the First or Second Class, he will be assured of a Prize,—an Advantage peculiar to this Lottery.

But if the Proprietor of the Ticket, No. 10, at the Conclusion of the Drawing of the First Class, or before the Commencement of the Drawing of the Second Class, doth not pay an additional Sum of Five Pagodas, he will not be entitled to the further Benefits of the Lottery; and so, likewise, if he doth not pay the further Sum of Five Pagodas, at the Conclusion of the Drawing of the Second Class, or before the Commencement of the Drawing of the Third Class, he will not be entitled to any of the Advantages of the Third Class.

There will be an interval of Six Weeks between the Drawing of each Class, to allow Time to the Holders of Tickets to pay the additional Sums, according to the Conditions explained in the foregoing Case, of the supposed Purchase of the Ticket, No. 10.

The following Gentlemen have been Chosen a Committee for the purpose of Signing the Tickets, and preparing the Wheels, viz.

Josias Du Pré Porcher, Esquire,
Charles Baker, Esquire,
Henry Sewell, Esquire,
John Tulloh, Esquire, and
William Dring, Esquire.

A Committee of the Managers will regularly attend the Drawing, which is to Commence on the 1st of July next.

The FUNDS, will be lodged in the CARNATIC BANK, where the Prizes will be paid after a Deduction of 10 per Cent.—Tickets signed by one of the Committee and the Agents are ready for Delivery at the CARNATIC BANK, and the AGENT'S OFFICE.

Tickets may be had at Calcutta of Messrs. Fairlie, Reid, and Co. at 25 Sicca Rupees, and a further advance of 17½ Sicca Rupees to be paid to entitle the Holders, of Undrawn Tickets, to a Chance in the Second Class, and the same in the Third Class.

Tickets may be had at Bombay of James Tate, Esq. at 25 Bombay Rupees each, the above Advances, to be paid by the Holders of Undrawn Tickets, in the Second and Third Classes.

Tickets may also be had at Pondicherry of Messrs. De Bury, Joannes Sinan, and Company.

The Payment of the Tickets sold at Bengal and drawn Prizes in the First and Second Classes, will be paid, if required, five Days after the accounts of the Drawing of these Classes, at the Rate of 400 Current Rupees for 100 Star Pagodas; and at Bombay at 384 Bombay Rupees.—The Prizes of the Third Class will be paid at Madras, 30 Days after the Drawing.

SHARP and HEEFKE, *Agents.*

Fort St. George, March 23d, 1795.

Madras Exchange Lottery.

THE MADRAS EXCHANGE COMMITTEE, beg leave to acquaint the Public, that the DRAWING of their LOTTERY, will Commence at 12 o'Clock, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st JULY next, in the SOUTHERN DIVISION of the EXCHANGE; the 2d Day's Drawing will be on MONDAY the 6th, and the 3d Day's Drawing will be on THURSDAY, the 9th JULY, and the DAYS of DRAWING in each Week afterwards will be MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, 250 Tickets will be drawn each Day. The hours of Attendance for Selling and Examining Tickets on the Days of Drawing will be from 8 to 12.—and on the intermediate Days, from 8 till 2 in the Forenoon, and from 6 till 8 in the Evening.—Tickets warranted undrawn will be ready for sale at the times abovementioned—Prizes either in the Exchange, or Madras Lotteries will be taken in Payment, deducting the 10 per Cent.

The Wheel is Pagodas 1020 above Par.

P. M. CASSIN,
Sec. to the Exchange Com.

Madras Exchange,
June 25, 1795.

Madras Exchange Lottery,

FOR 1795.

LOTTERY SCHEME,

Star Pagodas 100,000,

To be divided into 10,000 Shares or Tickets, at 10 Pagodas each.

1 Prize of	Star Pagodas	10,000
2 Prizes of	2500 each	5000
4 Ditto, of	1000	4000
8 Ditto,	500	4000
18 Ditto,	250	4500
40 Ditto,	100	4000
80 Ditto,	50	4000
2950 Ditto,	20	59,000
1 Prize alloted to the First Drawn,		500
1 Ditto, ditto. Last Drawn,		5000
3165 Prizes		
6835 Blanks		
10000 Tickets,	Star Pagodas,	100000

State of the Wheel.

AT THE CLOSE OF THE SIXTH DAY'S DRAWING,

Monday the 20th July, 1795.

PRIZES DRAWN.

1 Prize as First Drawn,		500
4 ditto of 250 each, is		1,000
7 ditto of 100 ditto,		700
8 ditto of 50 ditto,		400
435 ditto of 20 ditto,		8,700
455 Prizes, amounting to Star Pagodas,		11,300
1,045 Blanks.		
1,500 Tickets Drawn.		
8,500 Do. Undrawn.		
10,000 Tickets.		

PRIZES IN THE WHEEL.

1 Prize of		10,000
2 ditto of 2500 each, is		5000
4 ditto of 1000 ditto,		4000
28 ditto of 500 ditto,		4000
14 ditto of 250 ditto,		3500
33 ditto of 100 ditto,		3300
72 ditto of 50 ditto,		3600
2515 ditto of 20 ditto,		50,300
2,649 Prizes, amounting to Star Pagodas,		83,700
1 ditto alloted as Last Drawn,		5,000
		88,700

The Wheel is above par 3700 Star Pags.

The Price of Tickets Warranted Undrawn, is Eleven Pagodas.

Madras Exchange Lottery.

THE FIFTH DAY'S DRAWING.

Thursday, 16th July, 1795.

No. 458 a Prize of 250 Pags.
No. 4467 a Prize of 100 Pags.
No. 8970 a Prize of 50 Pags.

Prizes of 20 Pagodas.

4279	3995	6420	582	2480	8956	562
8510	4687	5175	1700	3086	9510	1342
5587	950	6761	7394	2684	3738	8932
7124	592	4806	5950	4913	4476	3417
4436	9450	9102	3138	2709	3250	4717
7653	8850	3673	6176	729	5017	6885
9807	4241	1847	3117	6869	2007	8318
8570	9618	7208	2886	2219	468	7940
8619	2886	5821	9990	804	4454	5442
8414	7482	5420	8942	6650	2855	2730

THE SIXTH DAY'S DRAWING.

Monday, the 20th July 1795.

No. 169 a Prize of 250 Pags.
No. 9913 a Prize of 100 Pags.
Nos. 10,000 and 5437 Prizes of 50 Pags.

Prizes of 20 Pagodas.

7048	6009	7259	4519	3537	6825	562
6725	4109	9212	8079	7578	1115	2670
6031	1540	1233	4303	2824	9926	2858
7149	8308	1342	8104	2244	553	8264
841	7701	1877	5625	1720	6256	9710
4124	1131	639	5028	8859	3653	9457
3784	1814	3826	7741	711	9177	1164
2049	3518	9847	1211	6431	4730	7622
3958	8367	672	3311	624	9342	3496
7393	2101	9385	4266	6648	6134	597
4986	675	6729	8853	2081	760	6208
8368	8076	4895				

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SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED BY Mr. JOHN HUNTER, AT THE BRITISH BANK.